



# 10 advanced SQL interview

  @atulkumarx

 CODING BUGS  NOTES GALLERY

practical  
query  
questions  
along with  
their solutions

1. Question: Retrieve the top 5 highest-paid employees for each department, sorted by salary in descending order.

### Solution

```
1 SELECT
2   department,
3   employee_name,
4   salary
5 FROM
6   (
7     SELECT
8       department,
9       employee_name,
10      salary,
11      ROW_NUMBER() OVER (
12        PARTITION BY department
13        ORDER BY
14          salary DESC
15      ) AS rank
16   FROM
17     employees
18  ) ranked
19 WHERE
20   rank <= 5;
```

2. Question: Calculate the total sales for each month of the current year, including months with zero sales.

```
1 SELECT
2   to_char(sale_date, 'YYYY-MM') AS month,
3   COALESCE(
4     SUM(sales_amount),
5     0
6   ) AS total_sales
7 FROM
8   generate_series(
9     DATE_TRUNC('YEAR', CURRENT_DATE),
10    DATE_TRUNC('YEAR', CURRENT_DATE) + INTERVAL '1 year' - INTERVAL '1 day',
11    INTERVAL '1 month'
12  ) AS months(sale_date)
13 LEFT JOIN sales ON to_char(sale_date, 'YYYY-MM') = to_char(sales_date, 'YYYY-MM')
14 GROUP BY
15   month;
```

3. Question: Find customers who have made a purchase every month for the last six months.

```
1 SELECT
2   customer_id
3 FROM
4   customers
5 WHERE
6   date_trunc('month', CURRENT_DATE) - INTERVAL '6 months' <= ALL (
7     SELECT
8       date_trunc('month', purchase_date)
9     FROM
10    purchases
11   WHERE
12    customer_id = customers.customer_id
13  );
```

4. Question: Calculate the running total of sales for each day within the past month.

```
SELECT
  date,
  SUM(sales_amount) OVER (
    ORDER BY
      date
  ) AS running_total
FROM
  generate_series(
    DATE_TRUNC('MONTH', CURRENT_DATE) - INTERVAL '1 month',
    DATE_TRUNC('MONTH', CURRENT_DATE) - INTERVAL '1 day',
    INTERVAL '1 day'
  ) AS dates(date)
LEFT JOIN sales ON dates.date = sales.sales_date;
```

5. Question: List the products that have been sold in all cities where the company operates.

```
1 SELECT
2   product_id,
3   product_name
4 FROM
5   products
6 WHERE
7   product_id NOT IN (
8     SELECT
9       DISTINCT product_id
10    FROM
11     sales
12   WHERE
13     city NOT IN (
14       SELECT
15         DISTINCT city
16       FROM
17         locations
18     )
19 );
```

6. Question: Retrieve the top 10 customers who have spent the most on their single purchase.

```
1 SELECT
2   customer_id,
3   MAX(purchase_amount) AS max_purchase_amount
4 FROM
5   purchases
6 GROUP BY
7   customer_id
8 ORDER BY
9   max_purchase_amount DESC
10 LIMIT
11 10;
```

7. Question: Find the employees who manage the same number of employees as their manager.

```
1 SELECT
2   e1.employee_name AS employee,
3   e1.managed_count AS direct_reports
4 FROM
5   employees e1
6   JOIN employees e2 ON e1.manager_id = e2.employee_id
7 WHERE
8   e1.managed_count = e2.managed_count;
```

8. Question: Calculate the 30-day moving average of sales for each product.

```
1 SELECT
2   product_id,
3   sales_date,
4   sales_amount,
5   AVG(sales_amount) OVER (
6     PARTITION BY product_id
7     ORDER BY
8       sales_date RANGE BETWEEN INTERVAL '30 days' PRECEDING
9     AND CURRENT ROW
10  ) AS moving_avg
11 FROM
12  sales;
```

9. Question: List the departments where the average salary is higher than the company's overall average salary.

```
1 SELECT
2   department
3 FROM
4   employees
5 GROUP BY
6   department
7 HAVING
8   AVG(salary) > (
9     SELECT
10      AVG(salary)
11     FROM
12      employees
13  );
```

10. Question: Retrieve the top 3 most recent orders for each customer.

```
1 SELECT
2   customer_id,
3   order_id,
4   order_date
5 FROM
6   (
7     SELECT
8       customer_id,
9       order_id,
10      order_date,
11      ROW_NUMBER() OVER (
12        PARTITION BY customer_id
13        ORDER BY
14         order_date DESC
15      ) AS rank
16    FROM
17     orders
18  ) ranked
19 WHERE
20   rank <= 3;
```